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The Hongkong Telegraph

VOL. II NO. 337

TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 4, 1947.

Price 20 Cents

Mikolajczyk Lands In England

Lab. M.P.s Attack Govt. Measure

Dislike Of Controls Over Unemployed

London, Nov. 3.—A small group of Labour Members today vigorously attacked the Government's order under which unemployed workers will be guided into essential work.

Mr David Greenfield, former Labour Minister of Mines, secured the Government's attention today by saying: "You are asking an instrument which other people may use."

He thought there was no advantage in trying to coerce the working classes to enter or leave occupations at the will of "officials of bureaucracy."

Demanding the amendment of the Government's order, Labour M.P. Mr. Hys Davies, said: "If we cannot have as much individual freedom within a Socialist society as under capitalism, I am against a planned Socialist society."

The Minister of Labour, Mr. George Lansbury, said the Government believed the country was behind it in this matter and it intended to carry out the order.

He disclosed that since the order came into force 387 men and 872 women had entered the Lancashire textile industry in the week ending October 15, twice as many men and four times as many women as in an average week for six months before the order.

"INHUMAN REMEDY"

Mr F. T. Willey, Labour, thought the control order was an attempt to the "inhuman remedy" of unemployment. Mr Percy Davies, another Labour Member, dubbed Mr Davies' motto as "politically irresponsible."

Mr Ness Edwards, the Parliamentary Secretary of the Ministry of Labour, winding up the debate, said very shortly a new order would be brought in affecting those people "not helping the ship of state"—those not engaged in gainful employment or who were "dodging the column."

Under this new order they would have to perform some useful work. Mr Edwards said it was estimated there must be reemployment of a quarter million workers to reach the target set by the Ministry of Economic Affairs, Sir Stafford Cripps, and it was to that degree they would seek to redeploy labour.

Mr Davies' motion was defeated by 252 votes to 144.—Reuter.

EDITORIAL

An Election Lesson

WHILE Mr Churchill and Lord Woolton claim the British municipal elections as an irrefutable sign that the country has had enough of Socialist governing, the spokesman for the Labour Party scoffs at the suggestion that the results represent a political landslide. He points by quoting relative figures and percentages. Both are partisan viewpoints and must be evaluated accordingly. But when the Labour Party spokesman describes the results as disappointing he is adopting the singular English characteristic of understatement. No matter how the figures are juggled and compared, they represent the first serious setback to the Socialist party since it attained national power in June, 1945, and which it subsequently consolidated in the 1945 and 1946 municipal elections. The loss of nearly 650 seats would not normally mean so much, but they must be shaking to the Labour Party at this time because the elections were fought on national party issues—apart from a sprinkling of Independents, Liberals and Communists, a straight issue between Toryism and Socialism. The outcome may not strictly be a landslide, but it must be regarded as a definite swing—a gesture by the middle-class voters that they are not satisfied with Labour's handling of current domestic affairs. Plainly the Labour Party's spokesman attributes the swing-over to a "high-pressure Tory attack.... deliberately aimed at

REFUGEE POLISH POLITICAL LEADER SAFE AT LAST

London, Nov. 3.—The Under-Secretary for Foreign Affairs, Major Christopher Mayhew, announced in the House of Commons today that Mr Stanislaw Mikolajczyk had arrived in England. Major Mayhew said he arrived today at Marston airfield. Marston is the RAF airdrome in Kent.

Major Mayhew issued his startling announcement in answer to a question from a Member on whether any application had been received from Mr Mikolajczyk for asylum. He replied: "I have been informed that Mr Mikolajczyk arrived in this country today and has been given permission to land. I understand that he arrived at Marston airfield, but at the moment I have no further information."

A Foreign Office spokesman revealed that Mr Mikolajczyk flew here from the British Zone in Germany. The spokesman said: "So far we have not traced the seven other Poles who reportedly left Poland with Mr Mikolajczyk. We have no information as to what route Mr Mikolajczyk followed to get to the British Zone."

He added: "It shouldn't be difficult for anyone to cross Poland's frontiers with Germany—particularly if he speaks German."

Mr Mikolajczyk speaks German fluently. Warsaw reports of October 27 said Mr Mikolajczyk had fled accompanied by K. Bajinski, Party propaganda chief, and his wife, the Party treasurer and his wife, the former peasant deputy M. Korbasinski and his wife, and Marie Hulewicz, Mikolajczyk's private secretary.

An Army Ministry spokesman said that the Polish opposition leader landed at Marston Airport at 12.25 p.m. GMT today in a RAF transport plane which had brought him from Germany.

MISSING FOR 11 DAYS

Mr Mikolajczyk's arrival, first announced by the Under-Secretary for Foreign Affairs in the Commons, appeared to confirm widespread reports that the Polish opposition leader had been missing for 11 days. A Polish Embassy spokesman said here today that the "very fact that Britain gave him permission to come here is an indication that the whole thing was prearranged with the foreknowledge of the British Government."

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Chinese Go On Hunger Strike

Singapore, Nov. 4.—Seven hundred Chinese deck passengers who arrived from Hongkong aboard the Dutch ship, *Beisevein*, continued a hunger strike into a third day on Monday at St John's Island, the quarantine station in Singapore Harbour.

Dr Wu Paik-shing, Chinese Consul General, said the passengers were protesting against insufficient food and had accommodation at the quarantine station where they were required to remain for two weeks.

Dr Wu visited the island on Saturday and induced the Chinese emigrants to abandon the strike but they resumed it a few hours after he departed.

The first and second class passengers were allowed to leave the island on Sunday after small pox plague vaccinations.—Associated Press.

POLITICS IN COLONIES

U.S., Britain Oppose Progress Reports

Washington, Nov. 3.—Colonial powers, led by Britain and the United States, sought in the United Nations General Assembly here today the rejection of the trusteeship committee's approval of a Russian proposal that the colonial powers should report on the political progress of territories under their administration.

The trusteeship committee had, after a discussion of what administrative states should render each year about non-self-governing territories, approved by the narrow majority of 20 to 19, with 18 abstentions, a Russian proposal that political information should be supplied.

The colonial powers and their supporters submitted amendments to today's meeting of the Assembly asking for the rejection of the trusteeship committee's recommendations.

Mr Boris Stein, Russian, told the Assembly that the administering powers were obliged by the Charter to submit information annually, not only on social and economic conditions but also on the political progress of local populations.

Sir Carl Berendsen, the New Zealand chairman of the United Nations trusteeship committee, attacked what he called "huckstering of votes in the market place."

The votes were booked and paid for with other votes, he said, and some voting blocs had become so large as to constitute a veto on any question of importance requiring a two-thirds majority.

Sir Carl described as "completely irresponsible one of the decision of his own committee—that requiring data relating to various non-self-governing territories to be compared by the United Nations with similar data on the Metropolitan powers themselves."

"The decision is crazy and if the Assembly does not alter it, the Assembly will be crazy, he said.—Reuter.

German Peace Treaty

Vandenberg's Proposal

Ann Harbor, Michigan, Nov. 3.—A separate peace with Germany if the Foreign Ministers' meeting in London remained deadlocked through the winter was called for by Senator Arthur Vandenberg, the leading Rightwing foreign expert in the United States Senate.

He was speaking at the University of Michigan.

While granting a qualified endorsement of the Marshall plan, he maintained that "Germany's restoration to a stable economy is at the core of Europe's rehabilitation."

It is infinitely preferable for the Council of Foreign Ministers to come to united terms. "But I am saying that disagreement here or elsewhere cannot be allowed to postpone peace rehabilitation and self-government for ever. Peace must have priority."

Senator Vandenberg accused Russia of frustrating the economic unity of the occupied Zones of Germany in violation of Potsdam.

"I am unable to believe that the German peace conference could not preponderantly find common ground. If the Council of Foreign Ministers is still deadlocked this winter, it had better adjourn sine die."

"The peace conference should be called by those who do agree to write a practical reasonable peace for the German areas within their jurisdiction."—Reuter.

Russia Vetoes Palestine Partition Date

PROPOSES AN INTERIM REGIME FOR ONE YEAR

Lake Success, Nov. 3.—The Soviet delegate rejected the United States plan for the partition of Palestine on July 1 next year, in the United Nations Palestine sub-committee here today.

The Soviet delegate, M. Semyon Tsarapkin, today proposed that the British mandate should end on January 1, that the interim regime should last no longer than one year and that a commission should be composed of all member states of the Security Council that should go to Palestine immediately.

He also proposed that the United Nations should ensure the immediate creation of provisional government councils for the Arab and Jewish states.

M. Tsarapkin, speaking in secret session, also suggested that the British troops should be withdrawn after the mandate was terminated on January 1 next.

The Security Council commission should immediately start setting up provisional government councils in "either" state, he said, apparently signifying that the Russians did not consider the establishment of one state dependent in the establishment of the other.

"DEPLORABLE" PROPOSALS

It was understood that M. Tsarapkin first made a survey of the American proposals presented last week and insisted it was "deplorable" that the American plan did not envisage a transition period.

The Soviet view was that it was of the utmost importance to know by whom and how the implementation of the partition would be carried out.

The American plan, apparently put the entire responsibility for the implementation on Britain and the Soviet Union could not accept this.

He said Britain had already failed in administering the mandate and the British Government had openly stated its unwillingness to implement any decision not acceptable to both the Jews and Arabs, he said.

On its arrival in Palestine the Security Council commission proposed by Russia should carry out measures for establishing the frontiers of the Jewish and Arab states in accordance with the decision of the General Assembly on the partition.

The commission should then consult the "Democratic Parties" and Social organizations of the Jewish and Arab states, after which it should elect in each state a provisional government council.

DEMOCRATIC ELECTIONS

The Soviet delegate also proposed that the activities of both the Arab and Jewish provisional councils should be carried out under the general direction of the commission.

The provisional councils of both parties should, not later than six months after their creation, hold elections on "democratic lines" for the Constituent Assemblies.

The election procedure for both states would be elaborated by the provisional government councils and approved by the Security Council commission.

The Constituent Assemblies in each state would then work out a democratic constitution and elect a Government.

The Soviet plan also provides that the provisional councils should immediately after their formation and under United Nations supervision, establish central and local administrative organs of the Government.

The Soviet delegate also proposed that the provisional councils of the two states should, within the shortest possible time, form an armed militia from their citizens sufficient to maintain internal order and prevent frontier clashes.

The armed militia in each state would be under national commanders, but a general military and political control over its activities would be exercised by the Security Council commission.

It was learned reliably that Mr. Hershbach Johnson, United States, speaking after M. Tsarapkin, said there appeared to be common ground between the American and Soviet proposals but he could not see any possibility of policing Palestine during the interim period without Britain's help.—Reuter.

Royal Wedding To Be Filmed

London, Nov. 3.—King George has approved the taking of a film in Westminster Abbey immediately after the religious services of the wedding of Princess Elizabeth to Lieutenant Philip Mountbatten on November 20, it was announced today.

The filming will begin as the head of the procession leaves choir stalls after the wedding ceremony and will go on until the procession reaches the great West Door of the Abbey.

The films will be used in news reels and in television programmes. There will be no filming of the wedding service and no live television from within the Abbey.

The loyal address of congratulation from the House of Lords, was presented to the King today by the Archbishop of Canterbury, as the head of the Lord's spiritual, Lord Addison, leader of the House of Lords, Lord Salisbury, leader of the Opposition Peers, and Lord Samuel, the Liberal leader.—Reuter.

Britons Killed In Kashmir

Tribesmen Attack Convent

New Delhi, Nov. 3.—Tonight an Indian communique announced that two Britons whose names were given by Armed Forces headquarters as Lieut-Colonel Dykes and his wife, were killed, and their three children are missing, after an attack on a Roman Catholic convent in Baramula, when the town was captured and burned by tribesmen.

The assistant Mother Superior of the convent was also killed and the Mother Superior wounded.

The children were said to be at school at the convent.

The Armed Forces headquarters added that there had been no news of another 20 people, presumed to have been on the district since the attack on Baramula.

Indian troops flown from Delhi to defend Kashmir against raiding forces from the west, are advancing after securing immediate approaches to Srinagar, the Kashmir capital, according to tonight's communique from the Dominion of India Defence Ministry.

RAIDERS CLEARED

The Ministry announced that the raiders had been cleared from the village of Pattan, 17 miles west of Srinagar. The raiders suffered many casualties.

Last week the free Government of Kashmir "claimed that its forces were on the outskirts of Srinagar."

After securing the defences and immediate approaches to Srinagar and its airfield, the Indian troops had for several days past been holding positions along a ridge on the Srinagar side of Pattan, which has a population of about 3,000.

The raiders are using light artillery, mortars and machineguns, and have made several unsuccessful assaults on the ridge. There were casualties on both sides, the raiders suffering more than the defenders.

Further casualties were inflicted on the raiders in an operation which cleared the village, tonight's communique said.

Pattan was the nearest point to Srinagar reached by the raiding column.—Reuter.

Britain's Food Cuts

London, Nov. 3.—Britain's plan to cut food imports by £12,000,000 a month—mostly in dollars—calls for heavy cuts in wheat, meat, cheese, animal fats and bacon purchases, the House of Commons was informed on Monday night by Dr Edith Summerskill, Parliamentary secretary to the Food Ministry.

Replying to questioners, Dr Summerskill said possibilities of special rations for Christmas were "under consideration." She said the Government had arranged to purchase 1,600 tons of turkeys and 3,150 tons of other poultry from Hungary.—Associated Press.

"Free" Kashmir Government Appeals To The Democracies

Karachi, Nov. 3.—The Provisional Government of the Azad (Free) Kashmir Government, led by Sardar Mohammed Ibrahim, today appealed to "all democratic minded and freedom loving nations of the world" through the Secretary General of the United Nations, Dr Trygve Lie, to support and stand by the patriotic people of Jammu and Kashmir in their fight for freedom and to recognise the Provisional Government.

The appeal has been cabled to the Prime Minister, Mr Clement Attlee, President Truman, Generalissimo Stalin, Generalissimo Chiang Kai-shek and heads of all-Moslem nations.

The "Azad Kashmir" Provisional Government has its headquarters at Pulandari, eight miles inside the Kashmir border and 40 miles east of Rawalpindi.

Its appeal, seeking world support for its cause, said: "The patriotic people of Kashmir State have risen against the most oppressive and

autocratic tyranny of Dogra imperialism, which, during the last 100 years of its iniquitous regime, has reduced our people to utter destitution and has sapped their blood by every possible means.

"All progressive, freedom-loving forces in the world are watching our brave fight with supreme sympathy and admiration.

"Unfortunately, the leaders of the Indian Dominion, from sheer communal prejudice and bigotry, have chosen to stand by the autocratic ruler of the State rather than the people and are providing all-out military help to this despot to wreak death and destruction on our helpless people.

"Tens of thousands are being butchered in cold blood by Dogra legions and men, women and even children are being machine-gunned from the air.

"Peaceful villages have been burned and prosperous towns looted and razed.

"We are short of arms and ammunition. We lack modern weapons and we have to depend on what we seize from defeated Dogras and

yet our people have successfully driven the enemy from more than half the State."

"On the North-west Frontier today, a gathering of Afghani chiefs demanded that they be permitted passage through Pakistan to assist the Kashmiri Moslems, a despatch from Peshawar said tonight.

An Afghani spokesman, Khan Abdul Latif Khan, (who spoke for the Afghans on the occasion of Lord Wavell's visit to North-west Frontier a year ago), said that the Pakistan Government had repeatedly refused their passage.

A brief communique from the "Provisional Government of Azad Kashmir" received here late tonight said: "The situation on all fronts is extremely satisfactory.

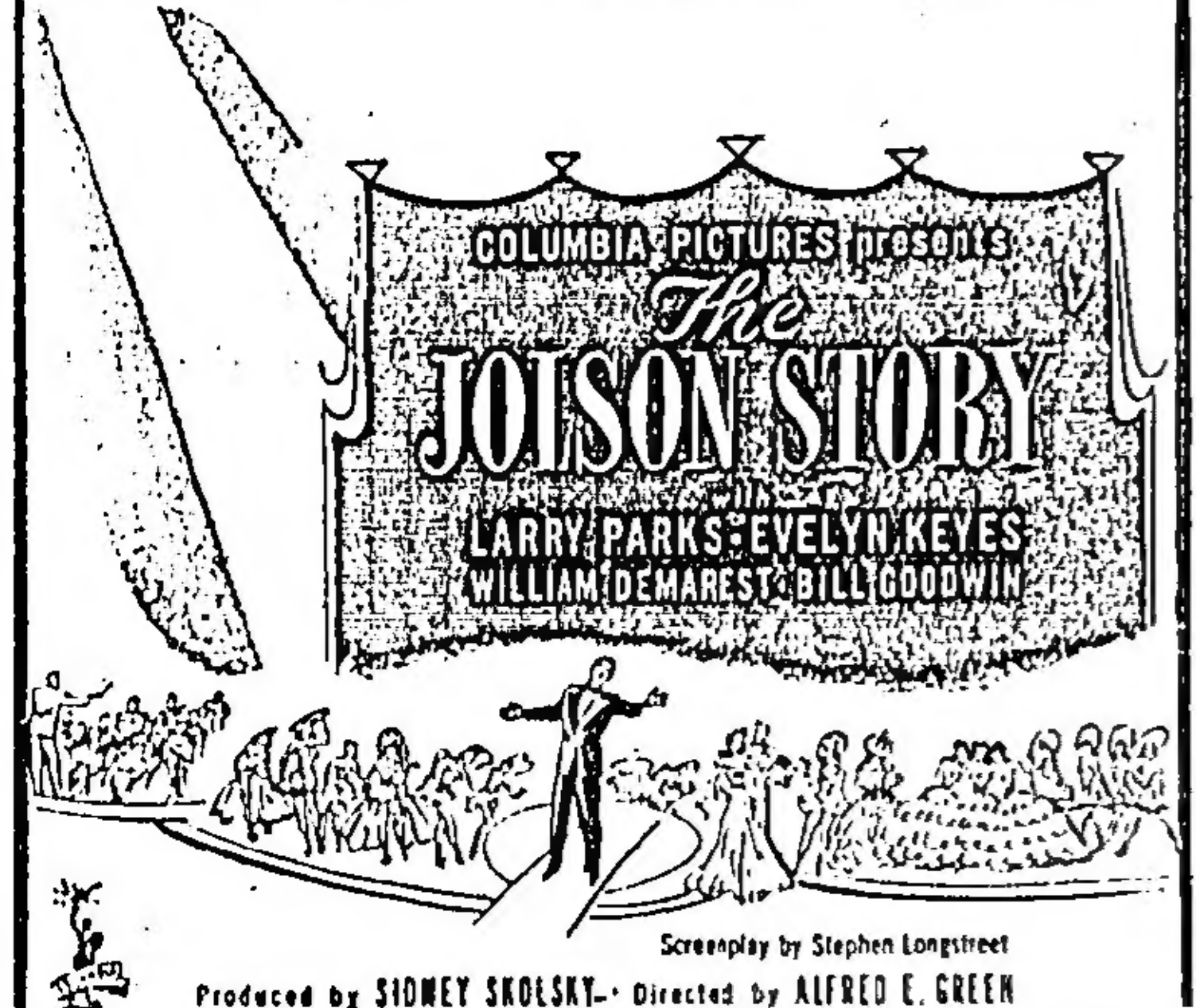
"All operations are successfully being carried on in every place. In the valley (of Kashmir) our forces are continuously using aggressive infiltration tactics.

"The situation in the Srinagar sector is fluid. The local population has risen in support of our liberation army. Enemy planes continue bombing our territory."—Reuter.

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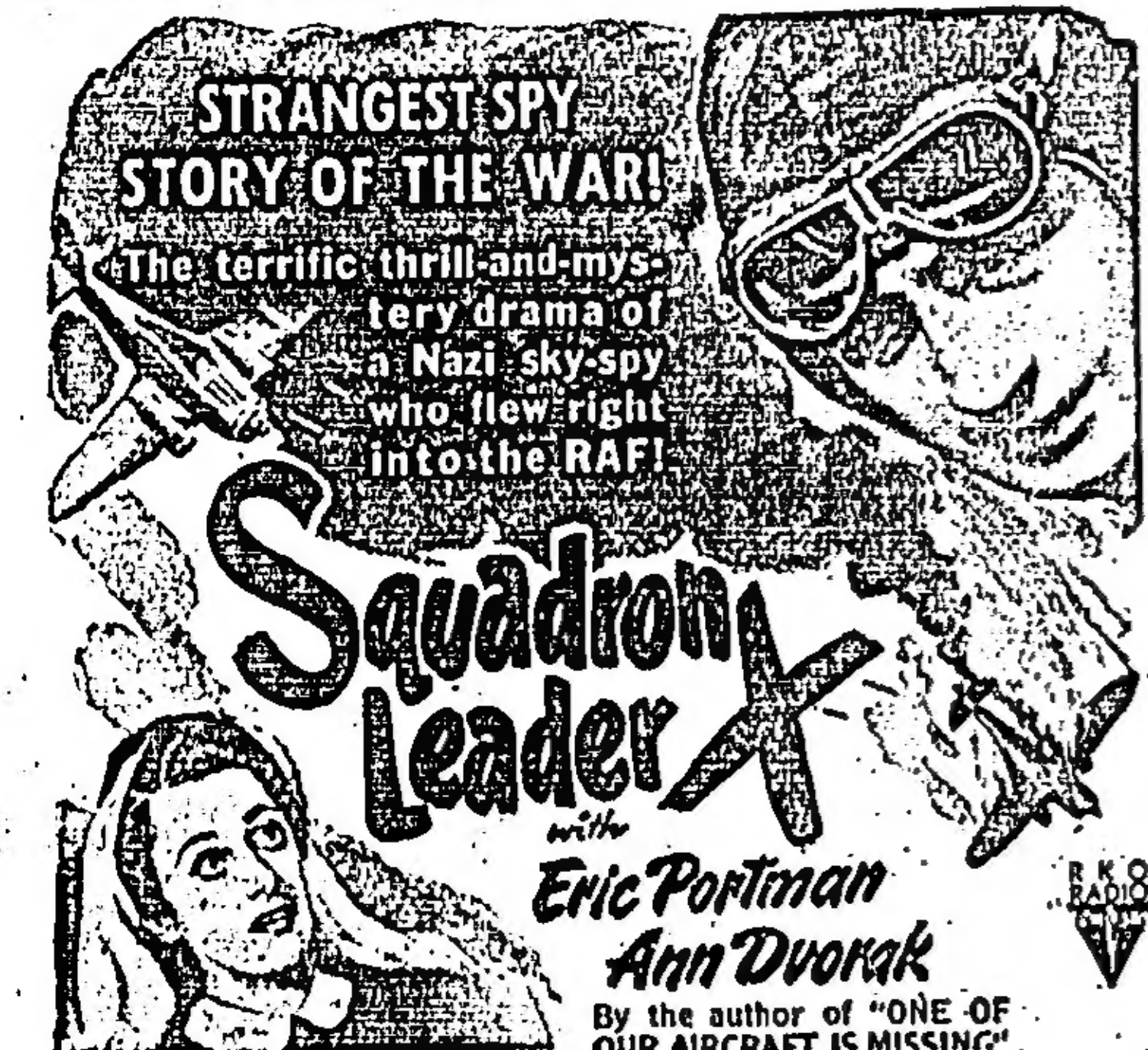
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"DRINK POISON WHILE SMILING"
Next Change: "MEET ME IN ST. LOUIS"

THE FANATICISM OF JAPAN'S SUICIDE-SQUAD AIRMEN, MASKED A FEELING OF HOPELESSNESS

THEY CHOSE THE EASIEST WAY OUT

— by —
S. CHANG

ONLY very rarely does one get the opportunity to peer behind the inscrutable eyes of a member of Japan's Kamikaze pilots—those fanatical young men who, during the war, willingly accepted hopeless suicide flights. So you may find enlightenment in the extracts from the diary of a young Japanese friend of mine named Rintaro Takada. He was a fellow-student with me in a Kyoto School where he was studying physics. Eventually we became great friends and before he was killed off Okinawa as a Kamikaze pilot, he willed his diary to me.

Before they took off on the flights which they knew must end in certain death, these youthful airmen would gather together for a last ceremonial drink of sake together. Slung on their backs were boxes containing the ashes of comrades killed in air accidents, and who had therefore had no chance to achieve "immortality of soul" by suicide flights. The Kamikazes, by carrying these ashes to their own deaths believed they thus purified the souls of their friends.

TAKADA began his diary the day he was drafted into the Japanese Naval Air Force on September 6, 1943, and he made his last entry on March 10, 1945, five days before he was killed.

This is how Imperial Headquarters in Tokyo announced his death: "Sub-Lieut. Rintaro Takada took off from a certain Kure air base in a 'Zeppelin' (Jap Navy's fastest, single-engine, two-seater, dive-bomber) in a Special Attack Flight (suicide attack) on Okinawa and was confirmed to have been killed on March 15, 1945, after doing considerable damage to an enemy task force. His distinguished service... reached His Majesty's ears."

That phrase "considerable damage" so often used by HQ, aroused suspicion among Takada's family. It was an open secret by then that no reconnaissance planes were on duty to check the result of the suicide attacks. Bomb destruction of Japan's war plants was so heavy that the Mitsubishi fast "staff reconnaissance" plane, which had confirmed the results of the Kamikaze attacks on Leyte late in 1944, was by this time almost out of production.

As Takada firmly admits in his diary, pilots waiting the suicide attack without even the cover of fighter escorts were mostly "eaten away" in the thick Allied counter-attack long before they reached the targets which had been "allotted" them. Takada was an extremely reasonable young fellow.

He was an intelligent, hard-working lad, always good-natured and smiling. Although he was robust,

muscular, (he was the school judo champion), his fellow students gave him the nickname of "Mademoiselle," because his features were so effeminate.

Like many people in Japan's middle-class family, to which he belonged, he was feudalistic in many ways of daily life.

But unlike many others of his class, Takada had many progressive ideas which, I believe, he had acquired through his study of science.

He knew, for example, that his Emperor could never be a living God. He bitterly criticised the fanatical nationalism in which then was so prevalent among his countrymen. He often told me that this fanaticism would finally lead Japan to a total destruction. He ridiculed their cult of the racial superiority over the Allied nations.

But that was at the university. When I met him on his final leave, which he was given two weeks prior to his last flight, I saw him as a changed man, a fanatic. A fanatical and hopelessly confident in the divinity of Japan and her final victory.

I met him in an air-raid shelter in Osaka.

It was about noon, on a day early in March, 1945, and, from the sky, deep rumbling of B29s reached even deep into the basement of the Hankin Department Store, where we were.

In the dim light I saw hundreds of scared faces—the people gasped, could not even scream.... They were clad in miserable rags.

Takada's face was curiously changed. His eyes were set and he talked rapidly, nervously and monotonously.

He talked mostly of his firm faith in Japan's final victory. His reason for this faith was simple. He said if all Japan's remaining pilots volunteered as Kamikaze pilots Japan would forever be free from the invasion of any enemy forces.

THEN he suddenly changed his tone, began to talk about Toshie-san, his girl friend. He had just left her for the last time.

He said he did not want to shock her, and had kept silence about his assignment of Kamikaze. So, as he left her home, she asked him candidly when she could see him again. "Pretty soon, I hope," he answered.

The smiling girl bid farewell, saying, "Dewa mata, oai shimashe!" (Then, I'll see you again). "Then, I'll see you again," he mumbled the same phrase to me, and looked desperately into my eyes.

We talked for about two hours like this, when the siren of "All Clear" blew. Suddenly he came

nearer to me, held my hand in both of his, and looked at me. I will never forget those eyes, big and scared....

But soon he shook his head, tried to smile and, without a word, left me. He brushed his way quickly up the stairway congested with people, to catch a train back to his base.

That was the last time I saw him. I wondered for a long time how he could have changed so drastically, and so quickly.

But when, after the war's end his diary reached me, I believed I had the answer.

His diary (black leather-bound one with a lock attached to it), told me a lot. I could see that when he was chosen as a Kamikaze, he immediately chose the easiest way out—he threw away his "reason" and gave himself away entirely in the terror of fanaticism to death. It must have been the most painless way for him to greet his end.

SO ran his diary:

August 28, 1944: Flew all morning, and for one hour by night. Crashed on "leg" while taxiing soon after landing. Exhausted. I couldn't see that low platform near the hangar.

Got plenty of "adjustment" (Jap Navy's slang for beating with fist on both cheeks from that instructor Ota. He beats us for his own sadistic pleasure. Those damned Eta Jima professionals!)

October 11: Flew all day today. Disusted completely with my maladroitness in diving. After the flight all of us got an adjustment on the chin: a specially big one for each. Somebody had flown too low.

My head has become funny. The noise of motor stays stubbornly in my ears.

By night, I feel I just don't want to do anything, and waste time just like a fool.

No letters from home. I wonder what they are doing?

October 29: Again that foolish discrimination between Eta Jima (the regular navy) officers and us, the conscript officers.

Only the Eta Jima chaps get a day off. Why should they make such discrimination? I'm completely disgusted with the Navy.

November 22: Flew for the first time in a Comet aircraft.

I was fast at right, but, as a pilot, I think it's legs are a bit too weak.

A voice yelled, "Gorn to the 'Tippett'!"

A moment later, as Farin, he said, "Where's little Oliver?" "Gorn to look for Little Nell," came the chorus of the "gods."

Arthur Bourchier was once booted. Back in his dressing-room he found his faithful dresser missing.

The man when found said frankly he had been in the gallery—booting. "In this room I am your servant," he said. "In the gallery I am a member of the public."

Some things don't change. For example, there is the story of Vedrenne, under whose management the first Shaw plays were produced. While "Milestones" was in production Vedrenne became gloomier and gloomier. He was convinced it would be a flop, and disagreed with everything Edward Knoblock (co-author with Arnold Bennett) insisted on. He left a rehearsal in disgust, telling Knoblock he had ruined the play.

A triumph
The first night was a triumph. Vedrenne, all smiles—"What did I tell you?" he demanded of everybody.

A young actor and a young actress from musical comedy became stars in "Milestones." Their names were Owen Nares and Gladys Cooper.

But what will make the 1947 reader more envious of those days than anything else are Mr Pope's tales of the music hall—when at the Tivoli whisky was threepence, beer twopenny, cigarettes twopenny, penny for ten, and a good cigar threepence.

S. W.

The Not Very Bad Old Days

GUESS the place and period to which this refers:

"City of smiles, the habitation of wealth, of peace, of security and of power... conscious that it was the center of the whole world, that it called the tune."

Yes, London, of course, Edwardian London. Those were great days of the theatre, and the great man of the theatre was the actor-manager.

And they were great characters, the actor-managers. Stories about them are legion. Some of the best have now been collected.

"From 'Carriages at Eleven' (Hutchinson, 21s.), by W. Macquenn Pope.

There was Beerholm Tree majestically proud of "My beautiful theatre"—His Majesty's.

A Bad Habit
Once during a performance of "Henry VIII." a man was seen in the front row of the stalls reading a newspaper. "Leave him to me," said Tree.

Towering in the scarlet robes of Cardinal Wolsey, Tree swept to the footlights, knelt down, and said, "Tell me—what won the two-thirty?"

The culprit quickly stuffed the newspaper in his pocket. Tree rose and pointing at the man, said to the audience, "He doesn't know."

Tree had a bad habit of forgetting his lines. A caddy was put in the orchestra pit with a blackboard bearing the lines he was apt to forget.

But at the next performance Tree dried up again. He had to go to the prompt corner.

The stage manager whispered a reminder of the blackboard. "I know, I know," said Tree, "but he's holding it upside down."

Claude Rains
The cabby, by the way, was Claude Rains.

It was of Tree's Hamlet that a critic (surely W. S. Gilbert, Mr Pope?) said it was "funny without being vulgar."

Alfred Butt was a manager, not an actor. One of the great moments of his reign at the Palace was when he brought Paviola to London.

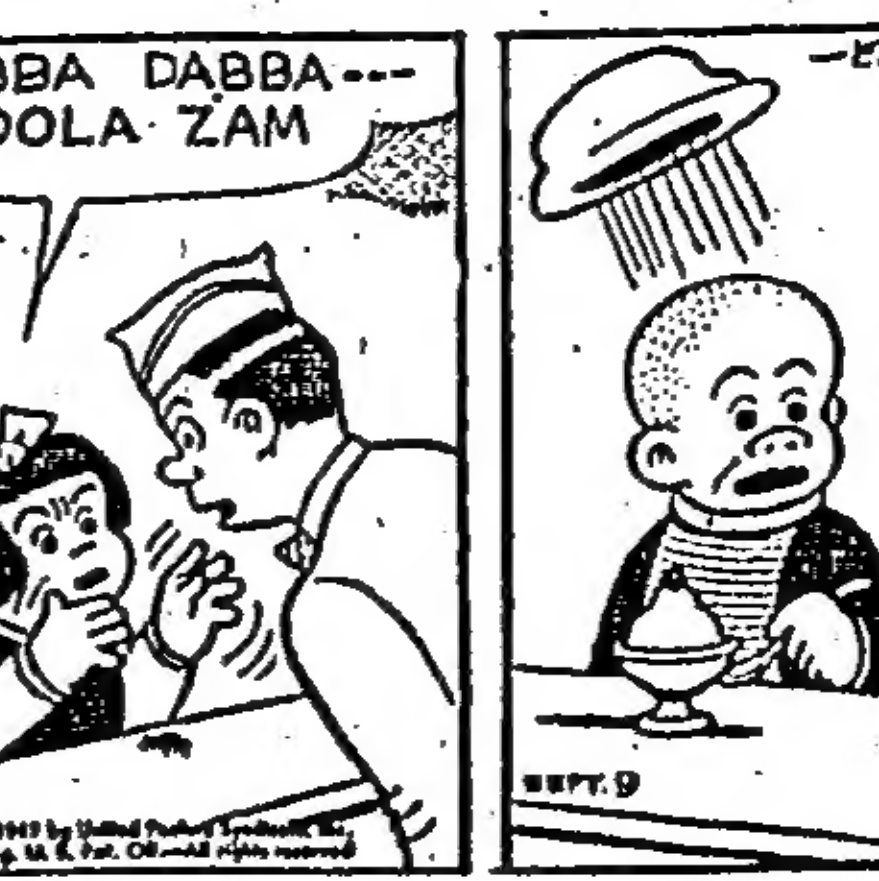
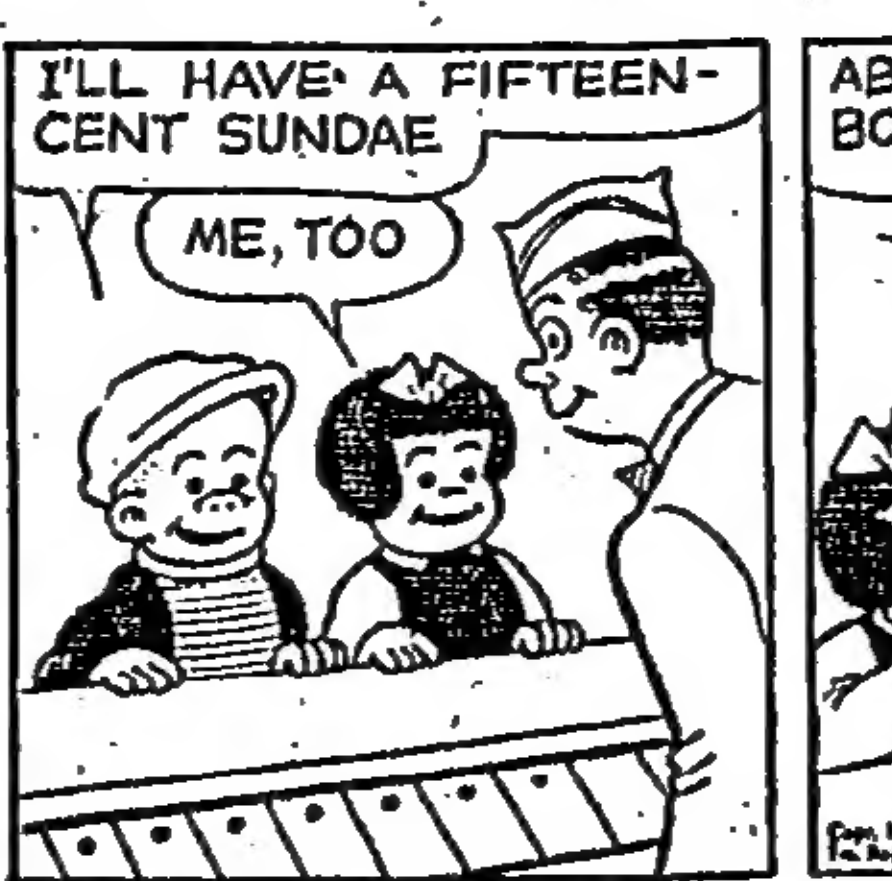
She was a sensation—especially the night her partner dropped her and she got up and slapped his face.

The social changes of the years between are astonishing.

At the first Royal Command variety show the ladies of the royal party averted their eyes from the sight of a woman in trousers—Vesta Tilley.

Yet one of those ladies, Queen Mary, has lived to see such sights for away from the theatre. Even the big names had their misfires. When Pellissier's Follies were the pets of the town, Morris Harvey tried a Dickensian scene which began, "Where's little Nell?"

NANCY It Pays to Hypnotize



By Ernie Bushmiller



POCKET CARTOON



WAY BY THE by Beachcomber

SINCE the House of Lords has been refusing to act as a rubber-stamp for the House of Commons, the Government, I learn, is considering how to put an end to the reactionary habit of discussion and investigation.

One suggestion (from Charlie Suet) is that every Socialist member should become a peer, and that legislation should be passed by which these peers would sit in the Commons, only moving into the Lords en masse to prevent tiresome Government defeats.

Marginal note

A SPEECH made by a Government apologist recalls what Clemenceau said of Jaures. "You can always find an article by him. All the verbs are in the future tense."

Tibetan

'Moonflower' (XIV.)

IT was Mr Mince's hour. Never had he seen her in more yielding mood. "Duncan," she breathed. "My prairie rose," responded the spellbound bureaucrat. And as she nestled in his arms, listening for the signal on the wall, that would announce the merchant (or the landowner), he began to picture their life together in Carshaton. "It will be different from this," he said. "But we shall be together," murmured the entrancing beauty. "My bit of almond blossom," said Mince. Knock, knock went Moompi on the wall. "It grows late," said Dingy-Poo. Sliding back a panel, she pushed him through. But Moompi was gesticulating frantically. It was Egham back again, and on his heels the merchant. The footling old nurse had just time to push Mince into a linen-cupboard and put Egham in a ladder. She then showed the merchant in to Dingy-Poo, and the landowner arrived. She transferred Egham to the linen-cupboard. "You!" shouted Mince. "You!" roared Egham.

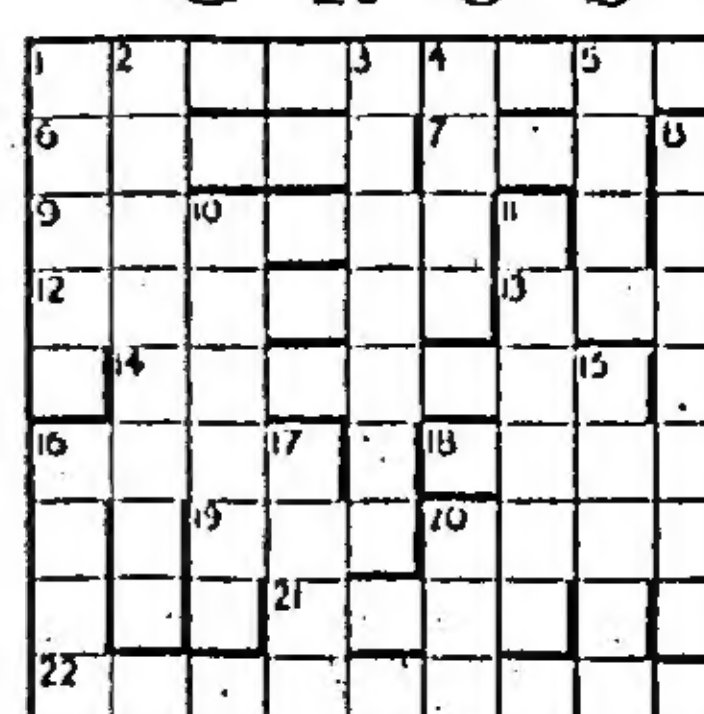
Lady Cabstanleigh

THE prolonged absence from social life of Lady Cabstanleigh has been commented on. I understand that she has been living in retirement while certain alterations to her face were being carried out. Like many other landowners, she found that this was the only kind of alteration she would be allowed to make without applying for licences from various Departments.

"What a nuisance," she said. "Or mostly," she added, fingering an addition to her nose.

Perfectly simple
A MAN in a restaurant pointed to the menu and asked: "What is le HASH?" "It's hash," said the waitress.

CROSSWORD



1. Item, quotes A. ludicrous word. (10)
2. Just a broken trace. (5)
3. It has helped to catch a crab. (5)
4. A change to rescue. (6)
5. The word of a hypocrite. (6)
6. How hard it is. (7)

10. A friend and I may not mix up in a quarrel. (10)
11. A man's eye. (4)
12. I leave it. (5)
13. The old they are always with us. (4)
14. Split a coin. (4)
15. The one at the end perhaps. (10)
16. Found in some old raspberries. (5)
17. A man's eye. (4)
18. A man's eye. (4)
19. A man's eye. (4)
20. A man's eye. (4)
21. A man's eye. (4)
22. A man's eye. (4)

1. Solution of yesterday's puzzle - Across: 1. Dandelion; 2. Apathy; 3. Bore; 4. Apathy; 5. Apathy; 6. Apathy; 7. Apathy; 8. Apathy; 9. Apathy; 10. Apathy; 11. Apathy; 12. Apathy; 13. Apathy; 14. Apathy; 15. Apathy; 16. Apathy; 17. Apathy; 18. Apathy; 19. Apathy; 20. Apathy; 21. Apathy; 22. Apathy.



Banks Reopen In Japan

Washington, Nov. 3.—To provide banking services for the restoration of Japanese foreign trade on a limited private basis, General Douglas MacArthur, Supreme Allied Commander, has allowed nine foreign banks to open branches in Japan, the United States War Department announced today.

The banks are the National City Bank of New York; the Chase Bank of New York; the Bank of America; the Bank of China; Bank of India; the Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation; the Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China; the Netherlands Trading Society and the Netherlands India Commercial Bank.—Reuter.

BISHOP PLUMPS FOR CHIANG

Philadelphia, Nov. 3.—There is no civil war in China, only a fight of Democracy against Communism, said Archbishop Paul Yu Pin of Nanking.

The Roman Catholic leader, who came to America recently on CNAC's first flight to the United States, declared in an address here that there "are 1,000,000 soldiers fighting for Communism in Northern China. These are not just Chinese Communists, but an international group including Koreans, Japanese and Russians."

He said: "Even the Communists do not say they are warring civil war, but term the present conflict a 'preliminary' global war between democracy and Communism."—Associated Press.

Wedenmeyer Report

Washington, Nov. 3.—The State Department's emergency about Lt. Gen. Albert C. Wedenmeyer's confidential report on China may meet with a Congressional airing after Senate President Arthur H. Vandenberg returns from Michigan this week.

Awaiting him will be demands from some members of both the Senate Foreign Relations and Appropriations Committees for a "complete picture" of the Administration's foreign spending plans, including those affecting China.

Some of these legislators, it is reported, feel the Administration is soft-pedalling China and require prompt action on the Marshall plan for Europe. As a result they want to know how much in U.S. dollars and goods will be required to bolster Chiang Kai-shek's government against the Chinese Communist armies.

The members want to look at Gen. Wedenmeyer's recommendations because they believed they call for large-scale help for Chiang.—United Press.

GOA MILITARY ACTIVITIES

Bombay, Nov. 3.—The "Free Press Bulletin" today reported that an army numbering 2,000 Portuguese and negroes, including mechanised units, recently arrived in Goa—Portuguese territory lying on the Indian west coast—and the place was now humming with military activity. The Bulletin said the Portuguese government also sent a cruiser, which was at present in a Portuguese port, to Kathiawar, north of Bombay.

Newspapers said Goa Youth League circles in Bombay believed that the measure was directed against any revival of the Nationalist movement in Goa, which up to recently had been crusading for a popular government, urging the Portuguese to give up their possessions in India to the Indians themselves.—United Press.

STOCK PRICES SPURT

London, Nov. 3.—Rumours of a rich South African mineral strike, ranging from a uranium field to new gold deposits, sent prices of Middle Witwatersrand gold shares soaring on the London Stock Exchange on Monday.

No definite information could be planned down, but the rumours spurred speculative buying and shot Middle Wits to 23 shillings and sixpence, up 10 shillings and threepence from the week-end close.

The municipal victory in Saturday's local elections resulted in an all-round marking up of prices when the market opened, but the improvement failed to stimulate mass buying, most brokers apparently holding off for results of the government's emergency autumn budget to be announced later this month.—Associated Press.

Labour Conducts Election Probe

London, Nov. 3.—The British Labour Party's Election Sub-Committee, on which the Cabinet is strongly represented, met tonight to conduct an investigation into Labour's heavy defeat in the municipal elections on Saturday, when the Party lost nearly 700 seats.

IBN SAUD'S 'DEMOCRACY' DOUBTED

Washington, Nov. 3.—The Senate War Investigating Committee heard here today the contents of a confidential letter in which the late Harry Hopkins, Lend-Lease Administrator, wrote of the Saudi Arabian Government in 1941.

"Just how we could call that outfit a democracy I do not know," Mr. Hopkins wrote.

The letter, sent to Jesse Jones, former head of the Reconstruction Finance Corporation, said that President Roosevelt was "anxious at the time to ease the money needs of King Ibn Saud of Saudi Arabia."

These views were placed on record by Senator Owen Brewster (Republican), Chairman of the Committee, as the Committee continued today its inquiry into whether the United States Navy was charged excessive prices for Arabian oil by some American-owned companies.

Senator Brewster read the "personal and confidential" letter, dated June 14, 1941, sent on White House stationery, from Mr. Hopkins to Mr. Jones.

Mr. Hopkins wrote: "The President is anxious to do something about this matter (a reference to King Ibn Saud's financial needs) but I am not sure what techniques there are to use."

"It occurred to me that some of it might be done in the element of food direct under lend-lease although I have no way of calling that outfit a 'democracy' I do not know," Reuter.

NAZI ENVOY TO VATICAN INDICTED

Nuremberg, Nov. 3.—Nineteen Nazis, high in the administration of Hitler's Third Reich, were indicted on war crimes charges today ranging from the waging of aggressive war to conducting fifth column activities in countries subsequently overrun by the Germans.

Number 1 defendant named in the indictment was Baron Ernst von Weizsacker, former Nazi Ambassador to Vatican City. He was charged with telling the Japanese envoy to Germany in September 1941 to impress on the Tokyo government Germany's wish that Japan attack Pearl Harbor.—Associated Press.

Sentenced To Death

Nuremberg, Nov. 3.—Lieutenant-General Oswald Pohl, the wealthy SS officer who operated German concentration camps where millions died, was today sentenced to hang for war crimes and crimes against humanity.

Pohl accepted his doom with a curt nod. The court opinion said Pohl was guilty of chief responsibility for rounding up slave labour and plundering the possessions of millions of victims, even down to their gold teeth, before they were thrown into a crematorium.

The court asserted that Pohl and his aides built the death camp, erected guard towers manned by troops who shot and killed on whimsy, supplied vicious dogs which ripped helpless people to shreds and worked the inmates until they were fit only for extermination.

Pohl and his men were convicted also of helping in infamous medical experiments on camp inmates of systematically destroying the Warsaw ghetto and making Reichard Heydrich's "final solution of the Jewish question" possible.—Associated Press.

ROOF REPAIRER LOSES HIS NERVE

Scilly Isles, Nov. 3.—Heavy seas and gale-force winds today prevented the rescue of a labourer who had lost his nerve from the storm battered Bishop's Rock lighthouse, the lone light spot in the United Kingdom, rising straight out of the Atlantic seven miles west of the Scilly Isles.

The man, 40-year-old Len Prowse of Penzance, Cornwall, had been taken out to the lighthouse last Thursday to assist in roof repairs. But waves battering like the "round of a thousand guns" and shaking the whole structure, unnerved him.

An attempt will be made to rescue him tomorrow.—Reuter.

CHECK YOUR KNOWLEDGE Answers

1. From the "ink-snes" of cuttlefish. 2. Joe Baker. 3. Saint Peter, of the 12 apostles. 4. One and one-sixth. (1 1/6) 5. Because it was originally made by heating the horns and hoofs of deer.

The meeting had to be held in the absence of the Prime Minister, Mr. Clement Attlee, who left tonight for Walcheren Island, Holland, for war commemoration services.

The Labour defeat was not on the agenda of today's Cabinet meeting, but it was discussed afterwards by the Cabinet Ministers.

Mr. Attlee, it is believed, was not unduly disturbed by the situation. Quarters close to the Prime Minister reflect his view that in the present protracted period of crisis something of the kind was inevitable, and that the Government has still three years of office in which, by its record, to put the episode in proper perspective.

The Labour world, however, is dismayed by the extent of the defection from its support in the country.

A threefold probe is expected to be made by the Cabinet into general causes, by the parliamentary party of 400 Members of Parliament, the responsibility for the defeat, and by the national party into the efficiency of local election machinery, which may call for a general overhaul.

Five Factors

The considered view of many political quarters today is that the Labour reverse in the British municipal elections was due to a number of clearly discernible factors. They were:

1. The protest of the growing number of housewives at the increasing food stringency.

2. The exasperation of certain sections, sometimes Labour — at what they consider a Government habit of laying down a strict line of policy then vacillating in its application.

3. The resentment at some aspects of the nationalisation policy. Labour support in the country includes many municipalities where the control of local transport, gas and electricity will pass to the state. This does not please all Labour Members.

4. The cessation of basic petrol ration to save dollars. Most Labour people probably approve the principle in the national interest at a time of crisis, but some contend that the Government has left loopholes that will enable many "undeserving cases" to get petrol to keep their cars on the road.

5. The Government decision to curtail the powers of the House of Lords. In the ordinary way the Government might have all the Labour support and possibly many non-party voters behind it in this measure, but in the midst of the country's economic crisis many consider it "adding while Rome burns."

The fact that the swing was definitely to the Right was demonstrated by an almost complete lack of success of the Communist candidates.

Though the Labour total vote has not dropped, the Conservative vote markedly increased. This indicates that the Conservative party machinery in the country, once admittedly inferior to that of Labour, has been forced by fallen fortunes to work on a new level of efficiency.

In perspective, the results regarded not as a disaster but as a strong warning to the Government. There could be no question—despite opposition demands that will be made in Parliament—of the Government seeking a fresh mandate from the country by holding a general election.—Reuter.

Final Results

London, Nov. 3.—The final results in the English municipal elections announced today gave a net Conservative gain of 621 seats to a Socialist net loss of 652.

Added to the Conservative gains was the net gain of 41 seats by Independent candidates, largely of Conservative sympathies.

The number of Conservative candidates elected totalled 1,299 to 631 Socialists.

The final analysis of gains and losses: Conservative gains 629, losses 10; Labour gains 43, losses 693; Liberal gains 46, losses 47; Communist gains 11, losses 11; Independent gains 170, losses 135.—Reuter.

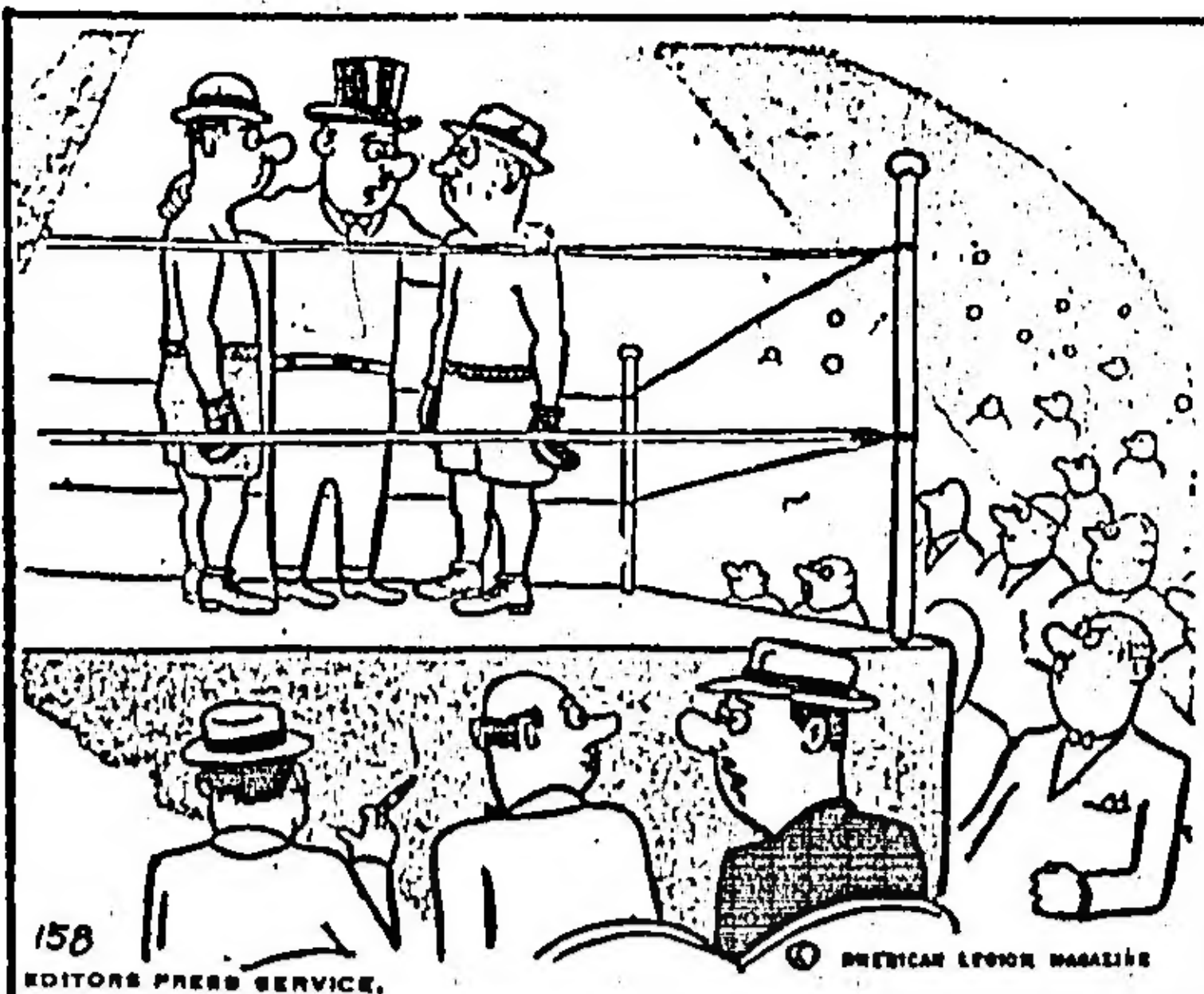
Cholera Claims More Victims

Cairo, Nov. 3.—Egypt's six-week old cholera epidemic, now believed to have passed its peak, caused 271 more deaths in the past 24 hours, it was officially announced tonight.

This was 67 less than in the previous 24 hours and brought up to 7,897 the number of deaths since the epidemic began in September 23.

Another 461 new cases were also reported today.

Meanwhile, a report from London says that Britain has sent more than 2,000,000 cubic centimetres of cholera vaccine to Egypt since September 1. The Under-Secretary for Foreign Affairs, Mr. Christopher Mayhew, revealing this in a Parliamentary answer today, added in a reply to another question that the allegation of some extremist Egyptian papers that the vaccine was so old as to be ineffective was quite untrue.—Reuter.



"I understand the broadcast is sponsored by a hat manufacturer."

SPORT:

Proctor Is Favourite For Melbourne Cup

Melbourne, Nov. 3.—Four-year-old Proctor, backed straight out and in the doubles to win £500,000, is the favourite for the Melbourne Cup on the eve of the toughest and biggest horse race "Down Under."

Close behind Proctor in the pre-post betting on the two-mile gallop at Flemington race course on Tuesday is the three-year-old Fresh Boy, which is just 15 hands high and will be the smallest horse in a field of 33 likely starters, and will be ridden by the smallest jockey, 17-year-old Brian Eames.

Proctor carries 126 pounds and Fresh Boy 94 pounds. At least six other thoroughbreds, however, are thought to have a good chance of winning, including Murray Stream, who will be ridden by ace jockey Darby Munro, who won the 1946 Melbourne Cup on Russia.—Associated Press.

TEST REHEARSAL
Melbourne, Nov. 3.—Don Bradman will lead a well-balanced side when an Australian XI meets the Indians at Sydney on November 14.

The team is: D. G. Bradman, R. Hamence, P. Dooland, W. A. Brown, R. Rogers, M. Harvey, S. Loxton, W. Johnston, M. Herbert, K. Miller, R. Suggs, J. Pettiford, 12th man. Though not of Test strength, the team has seven run-getters—Bradman, Brown, Rogers, Miller, Hamence, Harvey, and Loxton—with a fine blend of experience.

The three fast bowlers are favourites for a place in the Australian Test side. The attack comprises Miller and Johnston as openers, Loxton, a medium to fast bowler, and two slow men in Dooland and Herbert.

Morgan Herbert is the spin bowler who took seven wickets for 45 runs on a "mud heap" in the tourists' opening match at Perth.

Suggs is a polished wicket-keeper, being next best to Don Tallon. The match should provide the Indians with a good Test rehearsal.—Reuter.

McCool IN FORM

Brisbane, Nov. 3.—Colin McCool, the Queensland and Australian spin bowler, whom the Indians will run up against when they play Queensland, was in devastating form during the week-end.

On Sunday, he took five wickets with his first five balls. The first three victims were stumped and the next two clean bowled. McCool finished with six for 18.

In a Brisbane club cricket game on Saturday, McCool took five wickets for 27 runs in 16.6 overs.—Reuter.

WOODCOCK BETTER

London, Nov. 3.—Bruce Woodcock, European heavyweight boxing champion, has responded to treatment for an eye injury and is expected to leave a Leeds hospital on Wednesday, the British Press Association reported today.

The improvement to his eye injured by a piece of grit when he was working in a quarry, has been sufficient so that an operation probably will not be necessary.

The champion is expected to fight again on December 9. His first opponent has not been named.—Associated Press.

ALBERT HALL BOXING

London, Nov. 3.—Two French boxers had mixed luck in contests at the Albert Hall tonight.

Emile Famechon, former French flyweight champion, gave a display of powerful punching before his opponent, Dickie O'Sullivan, of London, who was disqualified in the third round of an eight round flyweight contest.

Kid Marcel retired with a badly cut eye at the end of the fourth round of an eight round welterweight contest, with Godie Thomas, of Wales.

Famechon was in his fiercest "killer" mood and gave the Londoner an uncomfortable time in the first two rounds. O'Sullivan was taken out of his stride by the Frenchman's hurricane fighting, but he fought back in some heavy close quarter punching, and was actually gaining mastery when he swung a body blow which caused his disqualification and ended a thrilling fight.

Marcel was impressive in the first two rounds against Thomas, but the latter soon began stabbing left jabs and short hooks to the body of his opponent. He opened up a nasty cut at the side of Marcel's left eye, and was punishing him badly when Marcel withdrew at the end of the fourth round.—Reuter.

SCOTLAND SOCCER SIDE

Glasgow, Nov. 3.—Scotland, beaten by Ireland at Belfast last month, have made several changes for the international soccer match with Wales at Hampden Park, Glasgow, on November 12.

Govan, the new Cup from Hibernian, and Stephen replace Young and Shaw at full-back, and the attack has been rearranged. Smith comes in at outside right for Delaney, who moves into the centre, and McClure is inside right.

The team is: Miller (Celtic), Govan (Hibernian), Stephen (Bradford), Macaulay (Aberdeen), Goodburn (Rangers), Forbes (Sheffield United), Smith (Hibernian), McClure (Preston), Delaney (Manchester United), Steel (Dumbarton) and Liddell (Liverpool).—Reuter.

BREAST-STROKE RECORD

Utrecht, Holland, Nov. 3.—Nel Van Vliet, Dutch swimmer, swimming champion, and holder of several world records, set up a new world time tonight by swimming the 400 metres breast stroke in five minutes 56.8 seconds.

This beats her own record of six minutes 8.4 seconds, established last December.—Reuter.

OUTWARD MAILS

Unless otherwise stated, registered articles and parcels close 30 minutes earlier than the ordinary mail. If mail closes before 10 a.m., registered and parcels will close at 5 p.m. on previous day.

TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 4
Closing Times by Air
Bangkok, Rangoon, Calcutta, Karachi, Lahore, Cairo (Nairobi), Johannesburg & Mombasa via Cairo August 2 and London, 3.30 p.m.

Singapore, Colombo, Sourabaya, Sydney and Auckland, 3.30 p.m.
Amoy, Fuzhou, Shanghai, Hankow, Sandakan, Tientsin and Tientsin, 3.30 p.m.

Canton and Swatow, 3.30 p.m.
Closing Times by Sea & Train
Canton (Train) 7 a.m.

Macao, Tientsin & Shekai (Sea) 8 a.m.
Straits (Sea) 8 a.m.
Macao, Tientsin & Shekai (Sea) 1 p.m.
Canton (Train) 2 p.m.

Sandakan, Australia and New Zealand via Sydney (Sea) 10 a.m.
Macao, Tientsin, Shekai & Hongkong (Sea) 4 p.m.

Canton (Sea) 5 p.m.
WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 5
Manila, P.I., Honolulu, USA & Canada, 11 a.m.

Saba, 3.30 p.m.
Manila, P.I., 3.30 p.m.
Swatow and Tientsin, 3.30 p.m.

Canton, Luchow, Kuning, Amoy, Shanghai, Ningbo, Hankow, Tientsin and Peking, 3.30 p.m.

Closing Times by Sea & Train
Canton (Train) 7 a.m.

Macao, Tientsin & Shekai (Sea) 8 a.m.
Macao, Tientsin & Shekai (Sea) 1 p.m.
Canton (Train) 2 p.m.

Hankow, Canton & Calcutta (Sea) 3 p.m.
Swatow and Amoy (Sea) 3 p.m.

Japan (Ordinary Letters & cards only) (Sea) 5 p.m.
Shanghai, U.S.A., Canada, Central and South America via San Francisco (No P.O. for Canada) (Sea) 5 p.m.

Macao, Tientsin, Shekai & Hongkong (Sea) 4 p.m.
Canton (Sea) 5 p.m.

TO-DAY'S BROADCAST
6.30, Orchestra: Raymond and Stephen (Voice), 7, Studio: "See You on Sport", 7.10, Studio: "See You on Sport", 7.30, Studio: "See You on Sport", 7.40, Studio: "See You on Sport", 8.00, Studio: "See You on Sport", 8.10, Studio: "See You on Sport", 8.20, Studio: "See You on Sport", 8.30, Studio: "See You on Sport", 8.40, Studio: "See You on Sport", 8.50, Studio: "See You on Sport", 9.00, Studio: "See You on Sport", 9.10, Studio: "See You on Sport", 9.20, Studio: "See You on Sport", 9.30, Studio: "See You on Sport", 9.40, Studio: "See You on Sport", 9.50, Studio: "See You on Sport", 10.00, Studio: "See You on Sport", 10.10, Studio: "See You on Sport", 10.20, Studio: "See You on Sport", 10.30, Studio: "See You on Sport", 10.40, Studio: "See You on Sport", 10.50, Studio: "See You on Sport", 11.00, Studio: "See You on Sport", 11.10, Studio: "See You on Sport", 11.20, Studio: "See You on Sport", 11.30, Studio: "See You on Sport", 11.40, Studio: "See You on Sport", 11.50, Studio: "See You on 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